

Integrated Legislative Information System

2011 Panel - ICT as a tool for government transformation





"Tell me and I will forget,
show me and I will remember,
involve me and I will understand."
An old Chinese proverb





ICT as a driver for improving democracy

- Facilitate dialogue between public and their government
- Empower populations and strengthen community engagement
- Reduce barriers to participation such as time, geographical location and allow for views to be expressed in a private nonconfrontational arena
- Appeal to "hard-to-reach" groups, e.g. young people
- Innovative solutions could encourage bottom up participation







e-Democracy

e-Democracy refers to the use of information technologies and communication technologies and strategies in <u>political</u> and <u>governance</u> processes.

The goal of e-democracy is to reverse the cynicism citizens have about their government institutions.

e-Democracy IS –

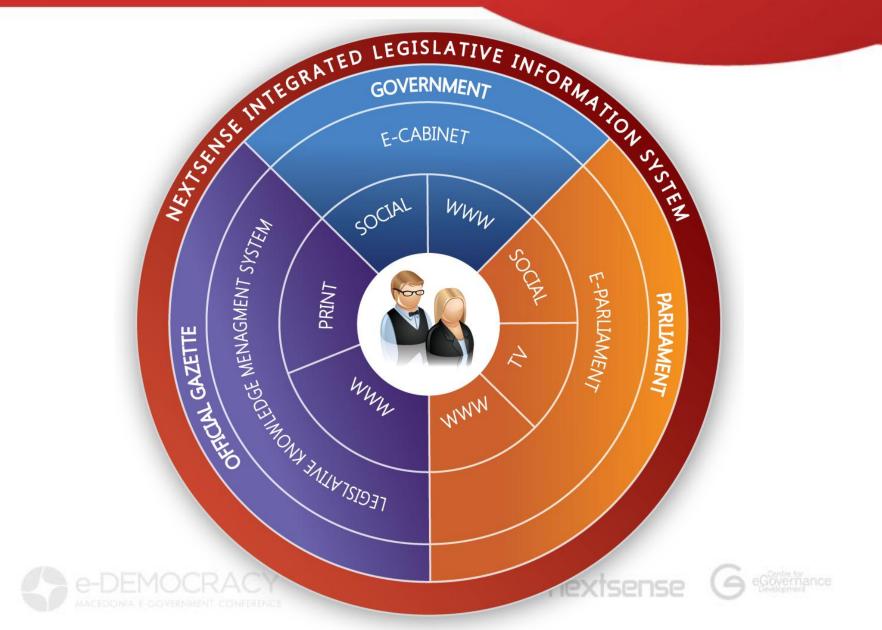
- right of access and accountability
- right to discuss and debate
- constituent's voice being heard and valued

e-Democracy IS NOT –

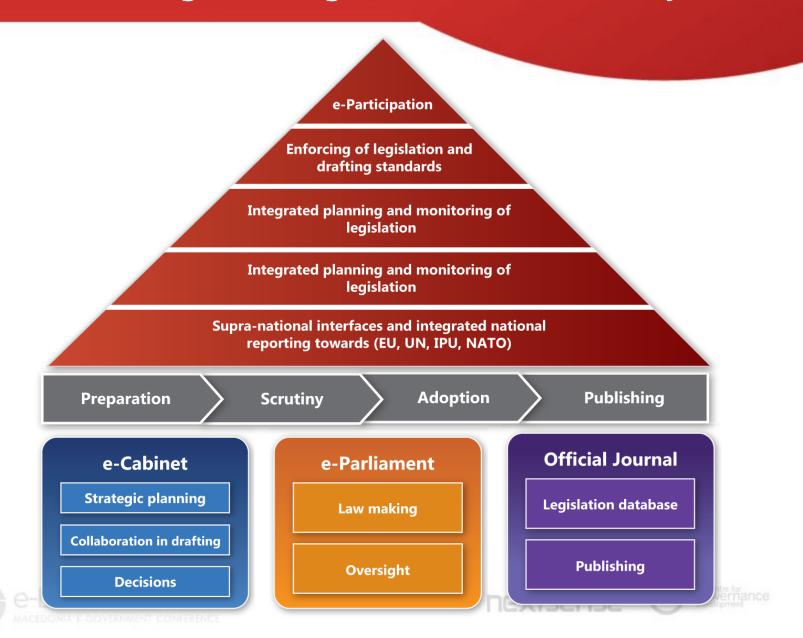
- just about technology
- an e-government service
- a "push-button" democracy
- an answer to all problems



Nextsense Integrated Legislative Information System



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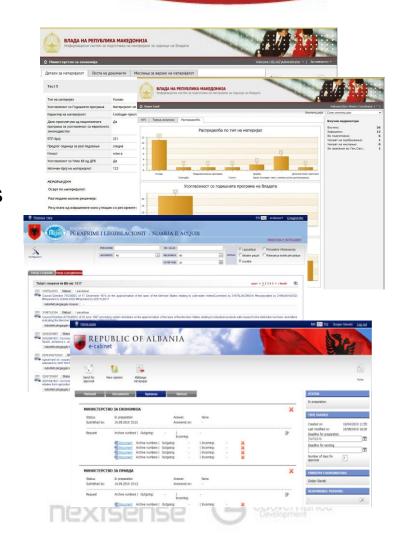




e-Cabinet



- Process of law drafting, internal approval and submission of acts
 - Law templates
 - Unlimited number of approval levels
 - Multilingual by design
 - Information versioning
- Collaboration processes between ministries
 - Working on a joint acts
 - Opinions with additional levels for internal assignment
- Process of scrutiny
- Sessions of the Council of the ministers
- Dissemination of Government decisions to
 - Government Internet Portal
 - Official Journal
 - Parliament

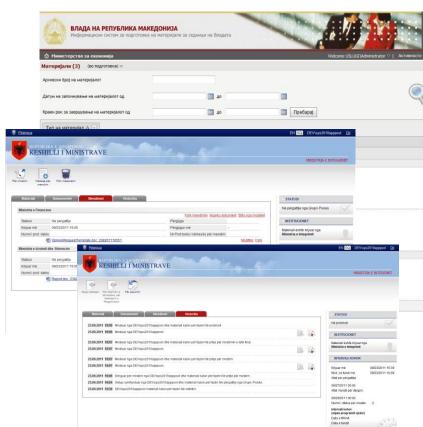




e-Cabinet



- Government strategic planning
 - Government Program and Activates with related measures
- Relation to supranational organizations or unions
 - National Action Plan for approximation to the EU Acquis Communitaire
 - Law Approximation Database (LAD)
 - Financial implications of the legal initiatives
- Monitoring and reporting (Scorecards and Key Performance Indicators)
- e-Participation





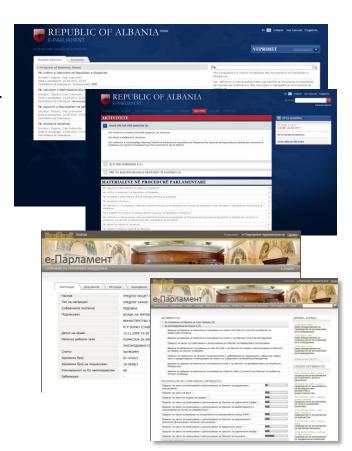


e-Parliament



- Legislation process
 - Initiating new bill
 - Process of preparation, approval and submission of bills
 - Process of collecting signatures for the request for first reading
 - Process of submission of amendments
- Sessions of committees

 (agenda, conclusions, minutes, voting results, transcripts, video and audio recordings, ...)
- Plenary Sessions (agenda, conclusions, transcripts, voting reports...)
- Parliamentary Questions
- Publishing of daily material in procedure, scheduled meetings, agenda, conclusions, transcripts, voting reports of the Sessions Parliament and working bodies





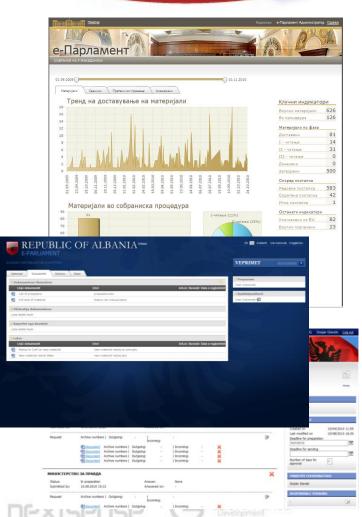




e-Parliament



- Automation of work of the President of Assembly, Secretary General, MPs, Parliamentary groups (specific interfaces for every user role)
- Relation to supranational organizations or unions
- Promulgation
- Monitoring and reporting (Scorecards and Key Performance Indicators)
- e-Participation



Official Journal



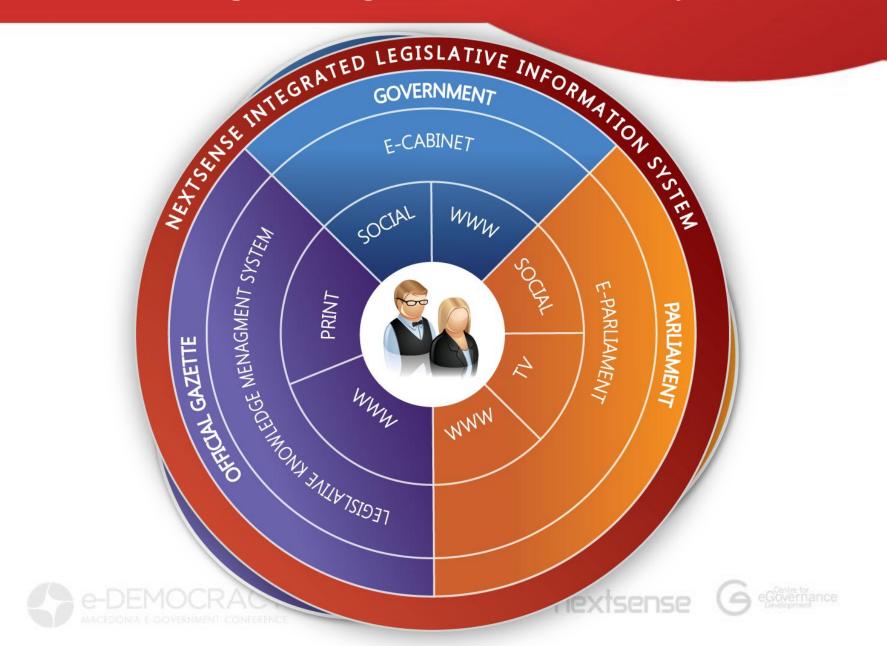
The Legislative Knowledge Management:

- Represents National Legislation Database
- Establishes interoperability, communication and publishing of legislation between the Official Journal, Parliament, Government
- Integrated content management system for legislative knowledge management including Preparation, Publishing, Archiving and Search
- Toolset for Discovery, Search, Notification on any legislative document
- Enforces standards in legislative documents
- "de-facto" standard in XML representation of official legislation

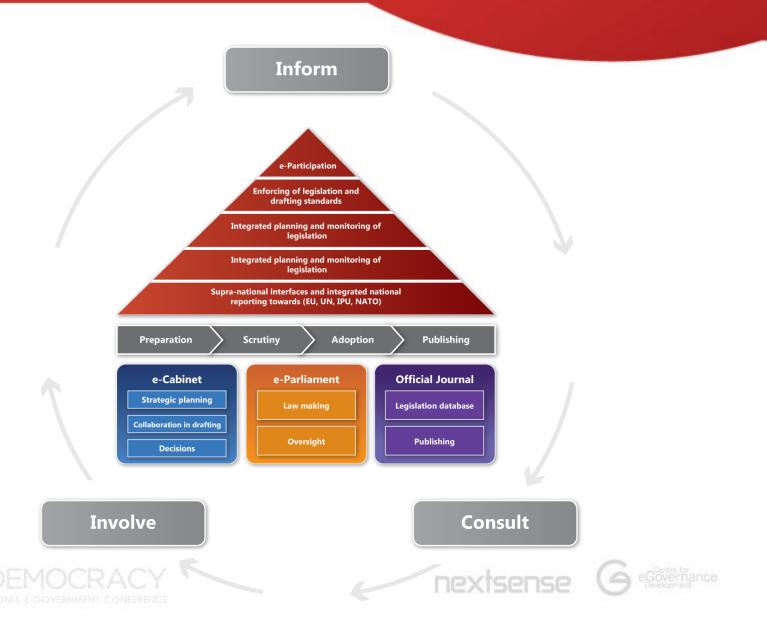




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Integrated Legislative Information System





Quick wins / Benefits



- Improved performance by reducing the time needed in the legislative process
- Active participation for every user from anywhere and at anytime
- Simple and flexible communication between the institutions involved in the legislative process

- Reduced process complexity
- Shorter learning curve for the officials
- Ability to measure the work efficiency
- Warrants the process to be compliant with the standards
- Great savings by eliminating paper in the process

- Transparent citizen access
- Transparency in the operation and accessibility of the decisions to the public
- Enabling transformation of the internal data sources into information available for the citizens
- Internet Portals for information share
- Contribution to the reform of the public administration enabling accumulation of a "legislative knowledge/ resources"

Quality of services and communication

Operations

e-Democracy







Thank you for your attention!





ICT in legislation process - Questions

- ICTs improves the public's participation in the law making process
- Information availability and possibility to interact makes benefits to the public
- Operational and technical benefits in terms of legislation quality and efficiency of the process
- ICT increases people's contributions and law makers compliance
- ICT makes sustainable applications and practices



